Six Millions Required to Send Back Chi nese Who flave Failed to Register.

And Only a Few Thousands Available for the Purpose-Ne Visible Excitement Among the Proscribed Aliens at San Francisco.

CHINESE MUST GO.

The Supreme Court Affirms the Constitutionality of the Geary Exclusion Act.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day affirmed the constitutionality of the Geary Chinese exclusion and registration act. The opinion was announced by Associate Justice Gray, Chief Justice Fuller and Associate Justices Brewer and Field dissenting. The announcement that a decision in the case was expected attracted a large attendance, and the fact that it was the last day of the term accounted for the presence of an unusually large array of attorneys within the bar, including Attorney-general Olney and Solieitor-general Aldrich. Senators Pugh, Dolph and Cockrell, ex-Justice Strong and several members of the diplomatic corps, were interested spectators.

Justice Gray, in announcing the judgment of the court, said that the question presented was the constitutionality and effect of the sixth section of the act entitled "An act to prohibit the coming of Chinese persons into the United States." The Justice sketched the provisions of the law rapidly, and then proceeded to say that it was perfectly well settledit was one of the fundamental principles of the law of nations-that every independent nation had the inherent right to keep aliens out of its territory. That power public welfare demanded. That power exists in time of war, and equally in time of peace, and has always been recognized as belonging to independent nations. The United States-all of the great powers-have the power to make war, to make peace, to pass acts of naturalization, to pass all necessary and proper laws to carry out the powers reposed in Congress. On the political department of the government devolved the care of international relations. It had been settled in two cases that the power of exclusion may be vested in executive offi-cers, and the aid of the judiciary might be invoked. It was no new thing in public law for matters to be executive and political in the first instance, and then take judicial force as the political department might direct. The courts have no authority to revise the decisions or the a action and effect in these cases, except so far as

The treaties with China provided originally for very free intercourse-that was 10 1869. Then it was found that it was necessary to have more power for the conven-ient regulation of this matter and the subsequent treaties more distinctly recognized, as contemplated by the contracting par-ties, the power to regulate the entrance of Uninese into this country. If Congress makes a law inconsistent with a treaty it may give a foreign nation the right to complain and to take such action as it may deem best for its own interest, but the duty of the courts of the United States is clear and they must recognize its force.

provision has been made by law.

ALIENS CAN BE DEPORTED. Justice Gray here dwelt at length upon the objection that had been made to the arbitrary power conferred upon executive officers in making depertations. He said thatso far as an investigation is made it will be a judicial investigation. The law provided that the Chipaman shall be deported unless he shall clearly establish certain facts to the satisfaction the judge. The legislature had a lt will be a great blow to business in Chiright to prescribe what evidence natown. As to what the Chinese governmentall be demanded before its judicial ment may do in the matter I have still less tribunals. It was within its power to provide that those aliens who have been a year within the United States without getting out a certificate should be de-ported. It had the right to define what witnesses should be heard; a right to protect the courte against testimony from persons who had no regard for the sanctity of an oath. He would not touch upon the dicted that the Geary law would be found wisdom of the policy, even the justice of the act. Those questions were for the political, the legislative and executive de-Dirtments of the government, if the act were within their constitutional powers, and it would be out of place for the court to interfere. What Congress had done had not been to provide for any definition of ishment. It provided that the persons in question should be sent out of the country to the place from whence they came. It provided, not for the ad adjection of crime, but simply for the removal of persons whose presence Congress considers inconsistent with the publie welfare. It must be remembered that Chinese cannot be naturalized. Doubtless they are entitled to the securities and safeguard granted by the Constitution and laws in such measure as they provide, but there was nothing in the Constitution or laws which impagned the power of Congress to compel them to leave the country. It remained only to say that the judgment of the Circuit Court for the Southern dis-trict of New York, in refusing to grant writs of habeas corpus to the several pestated that it had been impossible in the brief time elapsing since the hearing of the argument upon the petitions to prepare in writing the opinion of the court, but it would be filed as soon as possible.

THE DISSENTING OPINIONS. At the conclusion of Justice Grav's opinion Justice Brewer announced that he felt compelled to dissent from the view of the majority of the court. He read his views at some length, declaring in substance that the act of 1892 was unconstitutional, and that if it was upheld there was no guarantee that similar treatment might not be accorded to other classes of our population than the Chinese.

Justice Field, who delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States in the first case under the exclusion act. also read a dissenting opinion. He held that there was a wide difference between exclusion of immigrants and the deportation of alien residents, and he characterized the act in the strongest language as inhuman and brutal, and as violating the Constitution in every section. He regretled to say that the decision of the court was to his mind fraught with the gravest dangers to the priceless constitutional lib-

erties of the people. In his dissenting opinion the Chief Jushee denied the soundness of the proposition that the cases before the court were | bond for their appearance, juch as the political department of the rovernment slone could deal with. It vas, in his view, a judicial question and lowever reluctant courts may be to pass apon the constitutionality of legislative lets it was the very essence of judicial duty to do so when the discharge of that duty was properly imposed upon it. He entertained no doubt that the provisions of the fifth and fourteenth amendments were universal in their application, and that while the general government was invested, so far as foreign countries were concerned, with all the powers necessary to the maintenance of its absolute independence and security, it could not, in virtue of a supposed inherent sovereignty. absolutely deal with persons lawfully and peacefully within its domain. The act beore the court was not an act to abrogate or repeal a treaty, nor to expel Chinamen lawfully here, and no such intent could be

ishment was, in his view, an unusual pun-ishment, not authorized by the Constitution. THE CIRCUS IN ITS GLORY After the court had concluded announcement of the above opinions. Mr. J. Hubley Ashton, of counsel for the Chinese, moved for a rehearing of the case and an argu-ment before a full bench at the next term. At present the court stands 5 to 3 in support of the law, Justice Harlan being absent. The court took the motion under advisement, the effect of which is to postpone, until the motion is acted upon, any proceeding under the judgment of the court announced to-day.

NO ORDERS YET ISSUED. No orders had been issued at the Treasury Department at the close of business, to-day, as to the deporting of Chinese under the Geary act. The instructions under which collectors of internal revenue and United States marshals are now operating direct them to make no arrests of unregis-These orders may be given to-morrow after the Cabinet meeting or deferred for a longer period. Secretary Carlisle, soon after he heard of the decision of the Supreme Court, went to the executive mansion and had a conference with the President on the subject. He remained for an hour or more. Attorney-general Olney said until the line of action to be pursued by our government was mapped out he could say nothing on the subject, except that the Department of Justice had no money available for deport-

Conservative estimates place the amount necessary to deport the unregistered Chinese at \$6,000,000, with only \$16,806 available for the purpose. Intimations are heard that Congress may be convened to consider the matter. The suggestion is made in official circles here that Chinese unregistered may now go to the courts and ask to be allowed to register and remain in this country. In any view of the case, treasury officers expect to experience great difficulty in carrying out the mandate of the law that the Chinese must go. They look to the Cabinet to solve the problem at its meeting to-morrow.

At the Chinese legation the Chinese minister courteonsly declined to express any opinion upon the decision of the court, or to give any intimation as to the course his government might deem proper to adopt under the circumstances. He especially declined to say anything upon the alleged retaliatory policy of ordering the expulsion of Americans from China, as predicted by

a Methodist missionary.

Mr. Hy May, counselor to the Chinese legation, said that the contest against the law will doubtless be transferred to Con-gress when it meets in the fall. Under present conditions it will be impossible for the officials to execute the law literally because there is practically no money with which to carry its provisions into effect. Mr. May called attention to the fact that when an effort was made to se-cure the insertion of an item of half a million of dollars in the appropriation bills for the purpose of enabling the executive authorities to carry out the provisions of the law, Mr. Holman antagonized and defeated it. The consequence was that Congress appropriated only \$50,the sum heretofore annually proveded with which to deport the Chinese who might unlawfully secure entrance to the United States and be detected. It was an unfortunate and deplorable condition of affairs, he said, which threatened the existence of the peaceful and peaceable relations of China and the United States and left hundreds of natives of each country in the territory of the other practically hostages for each other.

AT SAN FRANCISCO.

The Decision Unexpected in the Chinese Quarter-No Unusual Excitement Visible. SAN FRANCISCO, May 15 .- When the news that the United States Supreme Court had affirmed the constitutionality of the Chinese exclusion act reached this city newspaper extras were quickly on the streets. Information was quick in reaching the section where thirty thousand Chinese reside, representing one-third of the entire number in the United States. They stood about in large groups before their own bulletin boards for some statement from the Six Companies which had compelled them to refuse to register. They were not inclined to accept the report through the American newspapers. During the first hour there was no outward excitement among the Chinese, but it was evident the news was distasteful and unexpected, as it had been telegraphed that the decision would turn the other way. Chinese Vice Consul Chong Owang was seen by a reporter, to whom he said: "You

are the first to bring me this bad news. Although the Geary law has been declared constitutional the government is not prepared to immediately carry out its pro-visions. It will entail great expense, for which no appropriation is made. I have nothing to say in regard to the immediate effect the final decision of the Supreme Court will have on the Chinese in America. ment may do in the matter I have still less to say. The treaty between China and America has been broken by the government at Washington, and is no longer a contract, and will not be regarded by the Chinese government as a factor governing any action they may see fit to take."

Lyman Mowry, attorney for the Chinese Six Companies, was seen. He says he preconstitutional by the Supreme Court. He thinks the law unjust and that no immediate action will be taken by the government to deport the Chinese. He declares that it will cost \$10,000,000, which has not been appropriated. He thinks the President will have action in the matter deferred until Congress convenes, and says there is no doubt in his mind but Congress will

The decision of the Supreme Court was received throughout the city in a quiet manner. The afternoon papers made large sales in announcing it. The crowds about newspaper bulletin boards were neither large nor demonstrative, although the feeling seemed general that some excitement would naturally follow the enforcement of the law in this city. representing, as it does, such large numbers of Chinese, and the headquarters of the powerful societies which have had such a controlling influence over Chinese laborers in this country. During the noon hour crowds were attracted to the vicinity of the Stock Exchange by the appearance of Dr. O'Donnell and Denis Kearney, local anti-Chinese agitators, who urged their bearers to hold mass-meetings approving the decision. The crowds listened to the speakers but displayed little interest in what they had to say.

News from the interior points, where the Chinese colonies exist, as at Sacramento, Fresno, Los Angeles and San Diego, show that the Chinese were taking a keen interest in the next move which might be made, but that the decision otherwise was quietly

Myer Accepted the Challenge,

Yesterday morning A. C. Parker and son. who own a saloon on Belmont avenue, stopped in at the liquor resort of H. W. Myer, on West Washington street, on their way to the city, and while passing the compliments of trade, ordered beer. Myer drew the beverage and set the glasses on the bar, but the Belmont avenue men insisted that they be served at a table. Myer demurred and announced that if they did not like his style of catering they could seek an exit. The Parkers walked out in high dudgeon, but when they reached the sidewalk stopped long enough to dare the proprietor to come out. He came out, and when patrolman Thomas appeared the Messrs. Parker were a sight. A pair of blue-black eyes adorned Parker the younger, and his father explained now it all happened through a broken lip. All three of the men were arrested, but gave

Horse Thief Captured.

One night last week horse thieves entered the stable of Joseph Penn, a wealthy farmer, residing six miles south of the city. and drove off his favorite roadster and new side-bar buggy. Superintendent Colbert interested himself in the case and yesterday received word that both the property and thief were in the custody of the officers at Urbana, Ill.

A Liberal Offer. Dr. J. M. Willis, a leading and reliable physician of Crawfordsville, Ind., will send free by mail to all who send him their name and address a box of Pansy Compound, which is two weeks' treatment, with full printed instructions, and is a positive eure for constination, biliousness, dyspepsis, prescribe a method of registration and the headache, blood poison and chronic dis-tenoriation provided for by way of pun- orders. Free for every body. Send to-day.

Adam Forepaugh's Shows Do a Big Day's Business in Indianapolis.

It Was Good, from the Street Parade to the Last Song of the Concert-Presentations of American Battles.

The circus seems to grow in popularity year by year, and the more its flaming inducements, its parade and pomp are laughed at, the more the big tent is crowded.

The street parade given yesterday morning by Adam Forepaugh's show was the forerunner of a good performance and the big tents were well filled yesterday afternoon and again last night with people and processions, pageants, hippodromes, ponies and gaudy lights. The petite aerial lady swung by a thread and kissed her fingers to the wondering awe-stricken faces below her as of yore. Year after year new features are added to the catalogue of circus attractions. The historic programme yesterday was presented in a manner most pleas-ing-a manner, in fact, that stirred up the enthusiasm of the vast crowd of people who saw the early and patriotic events of American history paint-ed in a light fresher than could be put between the covers of a book, even by Dr. Ridpath himself. The story of General Braddock's death was impressive. The battle of Bunker Hill was animated in its presentation, and graphically set forth the band-to-hand conflict between the "red coats" and Continentals, with



the ships bombarding them from the bay. The most gorgeous act, however, was the surrender of Cornwallis. The presentation of furled flags to Washington's staff, as well as the sword of the haughty, though fleshy, English commander, and the accompanying courtesy with which it was returned to him, all made the play beautifully satisfactory to those who remembered their primitive lessons in the history of the United States. The show was armed with sufficient men

to precipitate a young war with its proper relish. Among other interesting features of the show were the good races, and especially good was the dog race, which was concluded with perhaps a trifle too much "chewing of the rag." If Ben-Hur rode as did the men in the chariots, some idea of his victory could be appreciated, had the story not been read by the observer. The bareback riding was of the old school, not the most interesting, nor would it have been had it been the best, since that delightful art is practiced to a larger extent where the necessities of it are more apparent than in Indian-apolis. From all that could be seen and heard, between the great rings. and the yell of the peanut vendors, sufficient proof that last night's show is one of the "greatest consolidations" of eleand wire-walkers on of the globe could gathered. Think of it! Eleven elephants; all under control and working as smoothly as a kindergarten under the mammonth tent; elephants lying down, elephate standing on their rear legs with all the intelligent eloquenes of gesticula-tion of a Carolina Senator. It was a pleasing sight, and the night was one long bill of fare containing good things from first to last, ending by way of dessert, with a unique concert that held every woman, man and child who was not too tired to go home early.

FIFTH DIVISION SUPERINTENDENCY.

C. D. Rogers, of the "P. & St. L." a Candi date-The Superintendent's Clerks, There is a feeling among the railway postal clerks running out of Indianapolis that the President may shortly name a new superintendent for the fifth division of the railway mail service, with headquarters at Cincinnati. C. D. Rogers, of this city, 18 a strong candidate for the position. He runs on the "Pittsburg & St. Louis" the heaviest route in the division. Rogers and Burling Boaz, of that route, are close competitors for the best general records in distributing mail on the route. The "Pittsburg & St. Louis," the Pennsylvania line from Pittsburg to St. Louis, 18 not represented in the cierical force of the superintendent's office. The superintendent generally selects the brightest and most capable clerks for the office and many of the boys have an ambition to turn their eyes in that di-

Taggart Steps on Fanning's Ambition. It is current among the local Democrats who "fix things" in a political way that Tom Taggart is to be a candid ate before the next Democratic convention for the office of Auditor of State. This is a very desirable office and one that will give the incombent a large income. The several years of large income at the hands of the people has given Mr. Taggart the habit of the thing, and the Auditor's office is the only thing available for him now in the line of public office. Besides he looks upon it as in the line of promotion. But the annonnement of his candidacy leads to several reflections.

If he is nominated and elected, he will have to resign his present fat office of county auditor, which runs a year longer and is currently reported to be worth \$20 .. 000 a year. The Democratic precedent of holding two offices at once will not tolerated in this case. other reflection is that if Mr. Taggart is a candidate for this office. the friends of Joseph T. Fanning, the present Deputy Auditor of State, will be very much disappointed, and it is generally accepted that they will have a right to be. It will be a case of total disregard of political amenities, the Fanning element say, if the State chairman uses his prestige to boost

himself into another fat place. Still another reflection in the situation. accepting that the rumor of the chairman's intention is true, is the effect it will have upon other known political aspirants. It is generally accepted that it John R. Wilson is not to have a chance at the office of Attorney-general, he will enter the race for the nomination to Congress. He prefers to be the successor of Green Smith, but if the chairman is on the ticket he cannot be. neither can anyone else from this county. The whirls of the political ring from now until the next State convention will be watched with much interest.

Wants to Run for Something. It is said that United States Marshall Hawkins is training for a future canvass for a place upon the State ticket. It is not announced what he feels himself qualified to be, but he wants to run. The holding of public office has come to be a habit with him, as well as some others of the party

There is said, however, to be much dissatisfaction among the leaders in his own county because in his present position be did not give his own county any recogni-

s person than Senator Voornees. The Senator refused to interfere in the selection of the chief clerk on the ground that he ought not to be asked to decide between men of the Marshal's own county, having taken it for granted that the Marshal would recognize his own county havened however he appointed a county. Instead, however, he appointed a man from this county, a railroad employe, and it is said that he had an eye in the act upon his future appeal for the support of the railroad element.

The Marshal, it is now recalled, was a howling anti-Cleveland man, and was even so pronounced in his opposition as to be very enthusiastic for David B. Hill. Still he was appointed, and every one else who thus far has been appointed in this State was against Cleveland as an expedient candidate. "It makes me hot to think of it." said one of the original Cleveland men yesterday.

The Money Standard. Hon. Henry U. Johnson, of Richmond, member of Congress for the Sixth district, was in the city yesterday with his son Nimrod, consulting an oculist. He has been having a great deal of trouble with his eyes since an attack of the grip in Washington, and is not now able even to read the newspapers. The failure of his eyes, he said yesterday, is a great disappointment to him, as he wanted to do a great deal of reading upon the monetary question during the summer. "The pressing question of money standards," he said, "will be the most important question before the next Congress. I have found that there is a marked degree of misinformation among the members of Congress upon this subject. I believe in the double standard, but not in the ratio of sixteen to one, or any ratio which forces the price of silver to a fictitious point. I look upon the demonetization of silver as either a very sad mistake or a crime, but in the settlement of standards I believe some compromise course will have to be adopted. The differences are between the debtor and creditor classes. and are largely definable upon geographical

THEOSOPHICAL VIEW OF DEATH.

The Local Society Listens to a Paper by Mrs. M. S. Wallace.

The Theosophical Society, at 1ts weekly meeting last night, listened to a well-prepared paper by Mrs. M. S. Wallace, on 'Death-and After." Death was described as the veil of time that hides eternity. and she added that whosoever wears this veil upon his eyes is dead, how long soever he wears it. In explaining her views along a theosophical line she said, in part: "When a man parts at death with his material body, that of him which survives is divisible into three parts, the anima di-

ach; and the shade, or Nephesh, which is the lowest mode of soul substance. In the great majority of persons the consciousness is gathered up and centered in the ani-ma bruts; in the few wise it is polarized in the anima divina. Now that part which passes through transmigrates 18 divina, which is the immediate receptacle of the derfic spirit. It is the Neshamah which finally escapes from the world and is redeemed into eternal life. The anima bruta, or earthly mind, is that part of man which retains all earthly and local memories, reminiscent affections, cares and personalities of the world, and his family

vina, or Neshamah; the anima bruta, Ru-

"After death this anima bruta remains in the lower Eden, withearth sphere. But the anima divina, the Neshamah-the name of which is known only to God-passes upwards and continues its evolutions, bearing with it only a small portion, and that the purest. of the outer soul or mind. This auma divine is the true man. It is not within hail of the magnetic atmosphere, and only on the rarest and solemn occasions does it return to the planet unclothed. The astral shade, the Nephesh, is dumb; the earthly soul, the anima bruta, speaks and remembers; the divine soul, which contains the divine light, neither returns nor communicates, that is, in the ordinary

These various states after death were more fully outlined, and after the paper was concluded it was discussed at some length by the society. On next Monday night Wilbur S. Wynn will read to the club on "Manas, or the Hindoo Conception of the Soul."

TENTS FOR THE ENCAMPMENT.

Federal Government Will Loan the Citizens' Committee Five Hundred.

Executive Director Fortune, of the Grand Army emcampment organization, was notified yesterday by Senator Turple that the Secretary of War had ordered the loan of five hundred tents to the citizens' executive board for the encampment. A request of this kind was made through Senater Turpie some days ago. The loan will be a great help in the work of arranging for the encampment. It is intended to use the tents as headquarters for regiments and other organizations. In addition to this a large number of tents will be required for rennions and will have to be rented, but the government loan will save to the organization a large sum of tents will have to be given.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE-SANGER BURLESQUE COMPANY. The Marie Sanger Burlesque and Specialty Combany opened at the Empire vesterday afternoon. The company includes Frank Latona, in a musical act: Nettie von Bieg, in character songs and dances; Harry Brown and Mabel Harrison, in an amusing act, introducing specialties and songs; the Yale Sisters, song and dance; Gallagher and Griffiin, Irish knockabout dancers; Fox and Ward, black-face team, whose act is a revival of the old-time ministrel style. which the present plush-curtain, silk-suit order of minstrelsy has almost eliminated. The features of the afterpiece are the Bowerv quadrille" and Miss May Yale's hoop-skirt dance. The company will be

PARK THEATER-"EAST LYNNE." Miss Ada Gray began a three days' engagement at the Park Theater yesterday in "East Lynne," the version she presents being somewhat different from the conventional one. The drama is one that plays strongly upon the feelings of an audience. and Miss Gray's work in it is effective. She appears in the dual role of Lady Isabel and Madame Vine. There were good audiences at both performances, in spite of the strong counter attraction provided by the circus. Miss Gray will present "East Lynne" again. matinee and evening, to-day and to-mor-

CLARK VS. SCHELLER. At the Empire, to-night, immediately

after the close of the performance by the

Marie Sanger Burlesque and Specialty Company, the audience will be dismissed, and the patrons who have secured seats to see the match between Bert Scheller, of this city, and William Clark, of Dayton, will be allowed to secure their seats before the contest begins, which will be about 10:45. Clark, his seconds and a score of friends are in the city. The style of the match will be catch-as-catch-can, best two in three bonts, for a purse of \$200. As provided in the articles of agreement, the sporting editors of the News, Sentinel and Journal, last night, met and appointed a referee. Harry M. Brown, a member of the Marie Sanger Company was chosen and he will act in that capacity. He has had a wide experience in judging the sport and will doubtless give the best of satisfaction. Next Saturday night there will be a match at catch-as-catch-can style at the Empire Theater, between Bert Scheller, of this city, and Al Woods, of Cleveland, O., for a purse of \$250, the money for which is

now on deposit with the Journal. The Mai. Robert Anderson Post, No. 869, and drum corps gave a musical and literary entertainment at the George H. Thomas Post Hall last night. The proceeds of the entertainment will be used to uniform the drum corps.

Furniture-Eastman, Schleicher & Lee

SPECIAL

THE SALE OF

FOR THE

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday and Tuesday and Wednesday Matinees,

May 22, 23 and 24

Washington street. Sale of seats for single performances will begin WEDNESDAY Morning.

May 17. A GREAT DEMAND FOR SEATS.

SEASON TICKETS-Front row balcony, \$10; other row balcony and front portion of main floor, \$8; rear portion of SINGLE ADMISSIONS-Front row, balcony, \$2.50; remainder balcony and front portion of main floor, \$2; rear portion main floor, \$1,50; general admission, \$1. MATINEES-All reserved seats, \$1; general admission, 50c.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All the railroads leading into Indianapolis will give a special ONE and ONE-THIRD RATE for the Round Trip. Out of town people can secure seats by writing or telegraphing B. F. KELSEY, Big Four Ticket Office.

College Avenue and Fifteenth Street.

Reagan Park TAKE ELECTRIC CAR

VINTON & CO., Commercial Club Building 84 and 85

NEW CASTLE HALL.

Knights of Pythias Have an Enthusiastic Meeting in Aid of the Project.

The meeting of the Knights of Pythias at Castle Hall last night, to discuss plans for the building of the proposed new Castle Hall, was largely attended, and the seating capacity of the hall was taxed to its utmost. It was decided, by the unanimous vote of the meeting, to solicit more stock. and several of the members, who had already subscribed, agreed to double their subscriptions, and \$800 was raised at the meeting last night. Upon a vote put to the house, it was decided, without a dissenting vote, not to ask the Grand Lodge to take charge of the

project. The directors will meet to-morrow Art Glass-Eastman, Schleicher & Lee. WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSION

\$3.50-Chicago and Return-\$3.50 Saturday, May 20, 1893. Via the Lake Erie & Western railroad and magnificent steamers of the Delta Transportation Company. Leaving Indianapolis at 10 P. M. will land passengers at the World's Fair pler at 8 A. M., and at Randolph-street docks, Chicago, at 8:30 A. M., Sunday, May 21. Returning, leave Randoph street at 6 P. M., World's Fair grounds 6:30 P. M., making direct connections at Michigan City with trains which arrive at Indianaoolis at 3:20 A. M. Tickets good returning three days. For full information, tickets and chairdations, call at City Ticket Office, 46 South Illinols street.

SICK Headachel Beecham's Pills will relieve.

"MOTHERS" FRIEND"

DOCK MILLS.

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY, Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1886.-My wife used MOTHER'S FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.

Sent by express on receipt of price, \$1,50 per bot tle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. FOR DALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. ATLANTA, QA

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lires'Root Beer A temperance drink.

A health-giving drink. A thirst-quenching drink. A drink that is popular everywhere Delicious, Sparkling, Effervescent.

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this delicious beverage. Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires".

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

BREAKFAST-SUPPER. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the has properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a premark nearly nearly heavished frame." Civil Service Gazette. a properly neurished frame "—Civil Service Gazette, and a simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labeled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Homeopathic Chemists,
London, England.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES.

Indianapolis Union Station Trains Run by Central Time. TICKET OFFICES at Station and at corner Illinois and *Daily. + Daily, except Sunday.

ROM INDIANAPOLIS TO olumbus, Ind., and Louisville. *3:40 am *12:15 am eipma and New York... *5:00 am *10:15 pm ore and Washington.... *5:00 am *10:15 pm Dayton and Springfield..... *5:00 am 110:15 Martinsville and Vinceunes... *8:00 am *5:15 adison and Louisville...... 18:05 am Logansport and Chicago 11:20 am Dayton and Columbus 11:45 am Philadelphia and New York......*3:00 pm Baitimore and Washington....*3:00 pm

VANDALIA LINE TO ST. LOUIS AND From Indianapolis Union Station.
Trains leave for St. Louis, 8:10 am., 12:10 pm. 10:45 am, 11:00 pm. Trains connect at Terre Haute for E. & T. II. points. Evansville sleeper

on 11:00 pm train. Greencastle and Terre Haute Accommodation leaves 4:00 pm.

Arrive from St. Louis 3:30 am, 4:50 am, 2:50 pm, 5:20 pm, 7:45 pm.
Terre Haute and Greencastle Accommodation arrives at 10:00 am. Sleeping and Parlor Cars are run on through

BRASS FOUNDRY AND FINISHING SHOP. PIONIER BRASS-NORKS, ffre and Desiersin all kinds of Briss Goots, heavy and light Castings. Our Bearings a specialty. Re-pair and Job Work promptly attented to. 110 & 113 Bouth remnsylvanta street. Tetaphone 315.

The Weekly Journal, \$1 Per Annum

Eastern factories are unloading their choicest wares to us. Being the largest consumers in the State, we naturally have first chance at the good things that are offered. Just now we are selling at

Suits that are worth anywhere from \$22 to \$20 and \$18.

We are enabled to make this remarkable cut at this season of the year because Is now in progress at the BIG FOUR TICKET OFFICE, No. 1 East we bought the goods for less than manufacturers' cost, by reason of closing out their entire stocks.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair, they will give you more comfort and service for the money than any other make. Best in the world.



W. L. Douglas Shoes are made in all the If you want a fine DRESS SHOE don't pay \$6 to \$8,

try my \$3.50, \$4 or \$5 Shoe. They will fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to w. L. Douglas Shoes. My name and price is stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. Take no substitute. I send shoes by mail upon receipt of price, postage free, when Shoe Dealers cannot supply you. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by F.E. BROWN, 156 East Washington st.; G.A. NEERMAN & CO., 273 Mass, ave.; A. HAAG& SON, 164 Indiana ave.; FRED SCHRADER, 65 W. Washington; MRS. N. HORUFF, 188 Virginia ave. LOUIS ALDAG, 679 East Washington street.

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Large airy rooms. Individual instruction, 500 students annually. Catalogue. Phone 499.

HEEB & OSBORN-

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125 North Delaware St. TELEPHONE 564.

ABROMET-Adolphus, at 5 p. m., May 15, aged fifty-nine years. Funeral notice later. SOCIETY MEETINGS. MASONIC-KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 6, R. A. M. Stated meeting in Masonic Temple, thu (Tuesday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock.
A. R. WHITE, M. E. H.P.

JACOB W. SMITH. Secretary. OST-GOLD WATCH, OPEN FACED, WITH of top chain attached, on Pennsylvania or agton streets, Saturday afternoon. Finder

rewarded by leaving same with Mrs. M. DIET RICHS, No. 10 East Washington st. HELP WANTED-MALE. WANTED-LABORERS ON CONSTRUCTION VV of street railway on Prospect street. Wages \$1.60 per day. Apply on work. WANTED-MACHINERY SALESMAN-TO A boiler and general machinery trade, apermanent posi-tion with a concern manufacturing above lines, it open. Must have references. Address MACHIN-ERY, Journal office. WANTD-A LIVE BUSINESS MAN, WITH handle your own money and secure exclusive control of fastest seiling article ever invented; one with ex-

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